

## 4.3 Cont'd

Roots of Auxiliary Equation	Solutions to DE
$m_1, m_2, m_3, \dots$	$m_1x \quad m_2x \quad m_3x$ $e^{\quad}, e^{\quad}, e^{\quad}, \dots$
$m_1, m_1, m_1, \dots$	$m_1x \quad m_1x \quad 2 \quad m_1x$ $e^{\quad}, xe^{\quad}, x^2e^{\quad}, \dots$
$\alpha \pm \beta i$	$\alpha x$ $e^{\quad} \cos \beta x, e^{\quad} \sin \beta x$

Ex: a) If  $m = 1, 3, 3$

$$y_1 = e^x$$

$$y_2 = e^{3x}$$

$$y_3 = xe^{3x}$$

b) If  $m = 4, 4, 3 \pm 5i$

$$y_1 = e^{4x}$$

$$y_2 = xe^{4x}$$

$$y_3 = e^{3x} \cos 5x$$

$$y_4 = e^{3x} \sin 5x$$

General Solution

$$y = C_1 y_1 + C_2 y_2 + C_3 y_3 + C_4 y_4$$

$$y = C_1 e^{4x} + C_2 x e^{4x} + C_3 e^{3x} \cos 5x + C_4 e^{3x} \sin 5x$$

$$y = (C_1 + C_2 x) e^{4x} + e^{3x} (C_3 \cos 5x + C_4 \sin 5x)$$

## Rational Roots Theorem

Any rational roots of a polynomial are of the form  $\frac{p}{q}$ , where  $p$  divides the constant and  $q$  divides the leading coefficient.

Ex: Solve  $2y''' - 7y'' + 7y' - 2y = 0$   $\begin{cases} y(0) = 3 \\ y'(0) = 5 \\ y''(0) = 9 \end{cases}$

$$2m^3 - 7m^2 + 7m - 2 = 0$$

$p$  divides  $-2$

$$p: \pm 1, \pm 2$$

$q$  divides  $2$

$$q: \pm 1, \pm 2$$

$$\frac{p}{q}: \pm 1, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm 2$$

possible roots

$$m = -1: \quad 2(-1)^3 - 7(-1)^2 + 7(-1) - 2 = 0? \quad \text{No}$$

$$m = 1: \quad 2(1)^3 - 7(1)^2 + 7(1) - 2 = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$m=1$  is a root  $\Rightarrow (m-1)$  is a factor

$$\begin{array}{r} 2m^2 - 5m + 2 \\ (m-1) \overline{) 2m^3 - 7m^2 + 7m - 2} \\ \underline{-(2m^3 - 2m^2)} \phantom{- 2} \\ -5m^2 + 7m - 2 \\ \underline{-(-5m^2 + 5m)} \phantom{- 2} \\ 2m - 2 \\ \underline{-(2m - 2)} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Auxiliary Equation:  $(m-1)(2m^2 - 5m + 2) = 0$

$\swarrow$   
 $m=1$

$\searrow$   
 $m = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4(2)(2)}}{4}$

$$m = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{9}}{4} \quad 3$$

$$m = 2, \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y_1 = e^x$$

$$y_2 = e^{2x}$$

$$y_3 = e^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

General Solution

$$y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{2x} + C_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\begin{matrix} y=3 \\ x=0 \end{matrix} :$$

$$3 = C_1 + C_2 + C_3$$

(1)

$$y' = C_1 e^x + 2C_2 e^{2x} + \frac{C_3}{2} e^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\begin{matrix} y'=5 \\ x=0 \end{matrix} :$$

$$5 = C_1 + 2C_2 + \frac{C_3}{2}$$

(2)

$$y'' = C_1 e^x + 4C_2 e^{2x} + \frac{C_3}{4} e^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\begin{matrix} y''=9 \\ x=0 \end{matrix} :$$

$$9 = C_1 + 4C_2 + \frac{C_3}{4}$$

(3)

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_1 & C_2 & C_3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 4 & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} R_2 - R_1 \\ R_3 - R_1 \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & | & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & | & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & -\frac{3}{4} & | & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} R_1 - R_2 \\ R_3 - 3R_2 \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & | & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{4} & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} R_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & | & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 R_1 - \frac{3}{2}R_3 \\
 R_2 + \frac{1}{2}R_3
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 c_1 \quad c_2 \quad c_3 \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c}
 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\
 0 & 0 & 1 & 0
 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

$$c_1 = 1$$

$$c_2 = 2$$

$$c_3 = 0$$

$$y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{2x} + C_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$y = e^x + 2e^{2x}$$

4.4 Non-homogeneous DE's with  
Constant Coefficients

$$y'' - 5y' + 6y = x^3$$

$$y = \underbrace{C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{3x}}_{\text{Complementary Solution}} + \boxed{\phantom{\text{particular solution}}}$$

particular solution