

Test Review

Ex: Let $\vec{r}(t) = [7t - \cos 2t, 3t^2, e^{-t}]$

Find $\vec{r}'(0) \cdot \vec{r}''(0)$ and $\vec{r}'(0) \times \vec{r}''(0)$.

$$\vec{r}'(t) = [7 + 2\sin 2t, 6t, -e^{-t}]$$

$$\vec{r}''(t) = [4\cos 2t, 6, e^{-t}]$$

$$\vec{r}'(0) = [7, 0, -1]$$

$$\vec{r}''(0) = [4, 6, 1]$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r}'(0) \cdot \vec{r}''(0) &= 28 + 0 - 1 \\ &= 27\end{aligned}$$

\vec{i}	\vec{j}	\vec{k}
7	0	-1
4	6	1

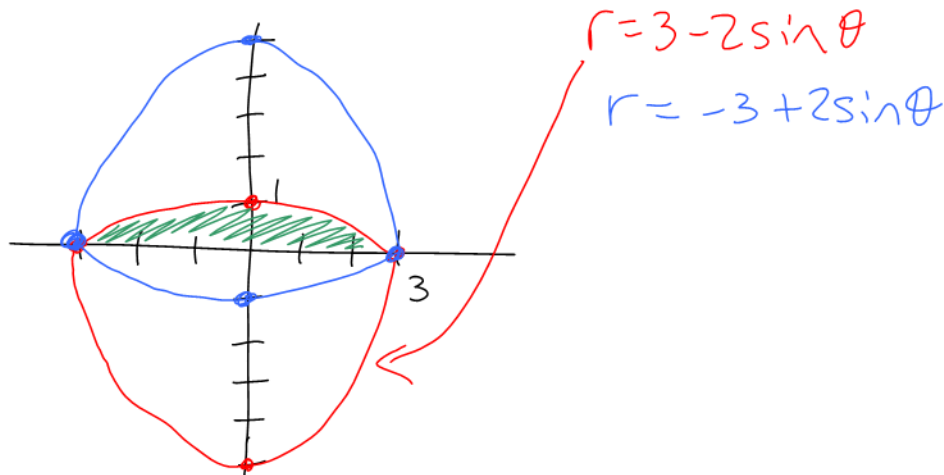
$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r}'(0) \times \vec{r}''(0) &= \vec{i}(6) - \vec{j}(42) + \vec{k}(42) \\ &= [6, -42, 42]\end{aligned}$$

Exam Review Problems

Full Solutions on Website

Questions 1-10 are review material
from beginning of course.

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$A =$ double the shaded area
(by symmetry)

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi} (3 - 2\sin\theta)^2 d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} (9 - 12\sin\theta + \cancel{4\sin^2\theta}) d\theta$$

$\quad\quad\quad 2 - 2\cos 2\theta$

$$= [9\theta + 12\cos\theta + 2\theta - \sin 2\theta]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= (9\pi - 12 + 2\pi) - (12)$$

$$= 11\pi - 24$$

(29)

$$r = 1 + \sin\theta$$

$$x = r \cos\theta$$

$$x = (1 + \sin\theta) \cos\theta$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = (1 + \sin\theta)(-\sin\theta) + \cos^2\theta$$

$$\text{Set } \frac{dx}{d\theta} = 0 \therefore 0 = -\sin\theta - \sin^2\theta + \cancel{\cos^2\theta}$$

$\quad\quad\quad 1 - \sin^2\theta$

$$0 = -2\sin^2\theta - \sin\theta + 1$$

$$0 = (-2\sin\theta + 1)(\sin\theta + 1)$$

$$\swarrow$$
$$\sin\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$\sin\theta = -1$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$y = r\sin\theta$$

$$y = (1 + \sin\theta)\sin\theta$$

$$y = \sin\theta + \sin^2\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = \cos\theta + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$$

$$\text{Set } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0: \quad 0 = \cos\theta + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$$

$$0 = \cos\theta(1 + 2\sin\theta)$$

$$\swarrow$$
$$\cos\theta = 0$$

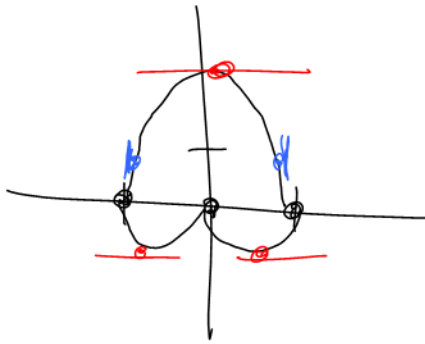
$$\downarrow$$
$$\sin\theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\text{Hor. Tangent} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0 \text{ and } \frac{dx}{d\theta} \neq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

Vert. Tangent $\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{d\theta} = 0$ and $\frac{dy}{d\theta} \neq 0$
 $\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$



$$r = 1 + \sin \theta$$

(28)

$$x = \cos t$$

$$y = t - \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 1 - \cos t$$

$$S = \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{\sin^2 t + 1 - 2\cos t + \cos^2 t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{2 - 2\cos t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{2(1 - \cos t)} dt$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2}$$

$$2\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos 2\theta$$

$$2\sin^2 \frac{t}{2} = 1 - \cos t$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{2(2\sin^2 \frac{t}{2})} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} |2\sin \frac{t}{2}| dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} 2\sin \frac{t}{2} dt$$

$$= -4 \cos \frac{t}{2} \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$= 0 - (-4)$$

$$= 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{31} \quad a) \quad & \frac{d}{dt} 9t [t^2, t^3] \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} [9t^3, 9t^4] \\ &= [27t^2, 36t^3] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{d}{dt} 9t [t^2, t^3] \\ &= 9t [2t, 3t^2] + 9 [t^2, t^3] \\ &= [18t^2, 27t^3] + [9t^2, 9t^3] \\ &= [27t^2, 36t^3] \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) \quad & \frac{d}{dt} \vec{r}(2t) \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} [14t+1, 8t] \\ &= [14, 8] \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \vec{r}(2t)$$
$$= \vec{r}'(2t) (2)$$

$$= [7, 4] (2)$$

$$= [14, 8] \checkmark$$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = [7, 4]$$

$$d) \int_1^3 [6t^2, 8t] dt$$

$$= [2t^3, 4t^2] \Big|_1^3$$

$$= [54, 36] - [2, 4]$$

$$= [52, 32]$$

ASIDE

$$\int [6t^2, 8t] dt$$

$$= [2t^3 + C_1, 4t^2 + C_2] \checkmark$$

$$= [2t^3, 4t^2] + \vec{C} \checkmark$$