

$$\int_1^2 x(4-x^2)^4 dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int_3^0 u^4 du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{u^5}{5} \right]_3^0$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[0 - \frac{3^5}{5} \right]$$

$$= \frac{3^5}{10}$$

$$= 24.3$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= 4-x^2 \\ \frac{du}{dx} &= -2x \\ du &= -2x dx \quad -\frac{1}{2} du = x dx \\ x=1 &\Rightarrow u=3 \\ x=2 &\Rightarrow u=0 \end{aligned}$$

Test 3

Thurs Nov 23

27.3, 27.5-6, 25.1-6, 26.1-2

(27.8 won't be tested)

6 Questions

Bring: calculator, music/earplugs

Practice Questions on website

Final Exam

Sat Dec 16

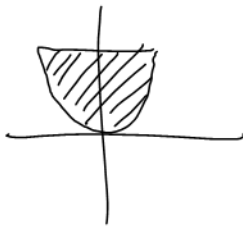
9am - noon

TEC 174

* Look at bus schedule in advance *

26.4 Centroids

Thin metal plate of constant density and thickness.



Centroid: Centre of mass

Notation: (\bar{x}, \bar{y})

We'll use vertical or horizontal slices.

Let (x_e, y_e) = the centre of a slice.

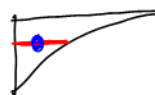
Vertical Slices



$$x_e = x$$

$$y_e = \frac{y_b + y_t}{2}$$

Horizontal Slices



$$x_e = \frac{x_l + x_r}{2}$$

$$y_e = y$$

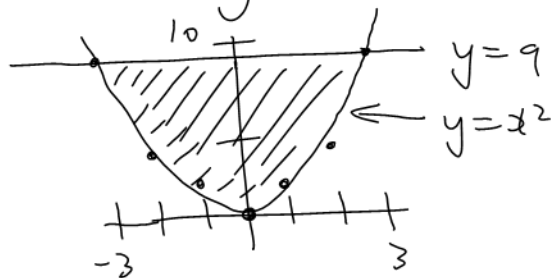
$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{A} \int_A x_e dA$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{A} \int_A y_e dA$$

area of a slice

Units Analysis: $m = \frac{1}{m^2}(m)(m^2)$ ←

Ex: Consider the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 9$. Find the centroid.



$\bar{x} = 0$ by symmetry

\bar{y} : 1) Find A

$$A = \int_a^b (y_t - y_b) dx$$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 (9 - x^2) dx \quad \leftarrow dA$$

$$= \left[9x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-3}^3$$

$$= [27 - 9] - [-27 + 9]$$

$$= 36$$

2) y_e for a vertical slice



$$y_e = \frac{y_b + y_t}{2}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + 9}{2}$$

3) $\int_A y_e dA$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 \frac{x^2+9}{2} (9-x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-3}^3 (x^2+9)(9-x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-3}^3 (9x^2 - x^4 + 81 - 9x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{-x^5}{5} + 81x \right]_{-3}^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{-243}{5} + 243 \right) - \left(\frac{243}{5} - 243 \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{972}{5}$$

$$4) \quad \bar{y} = \frac{1}{A} \int_A y \, e \, dA$$

$$= \frac{1}{36} \left(\frac{972}{5} \right)$$

$$= \frac{27}{5} \quad \text{or} \quad 5.4$$

$$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = (0, 5.4)$$