

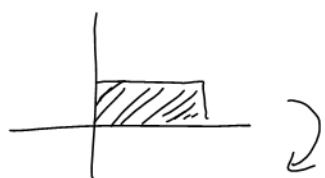
Quiz Wed Nov 15
Wed Nov 22

Section 25.4
26.2

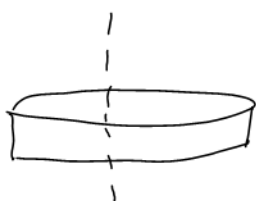
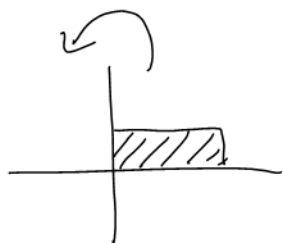
Test 3 Thurs Nov 23
27.3, 27.5-6, 25.1-6, 26.1-2
(27.8 won't be tested)

26.3 Volumes by Integration

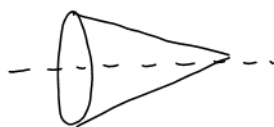
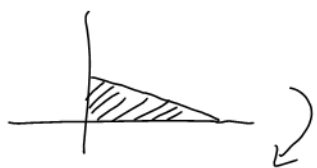
Revolve an area about an axis
to produce a solid.



solid cylinder



solid cylinder

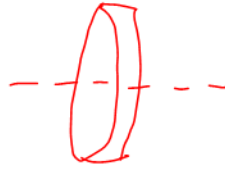
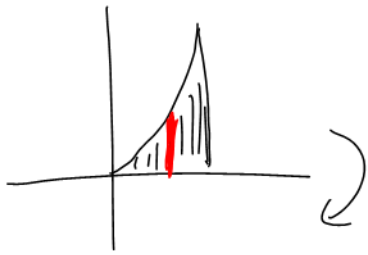


solid cone

Goal: Calculate volumes

Disk Method

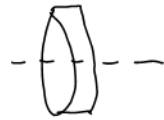
Take a slice perpendicular to the axis
of revolution. Produces a solid disk (hockey puck).



Volume of disk

$$dV = \pi \cdot \text{radius}^2 \cdot \text{thickness}$$

About x-axis



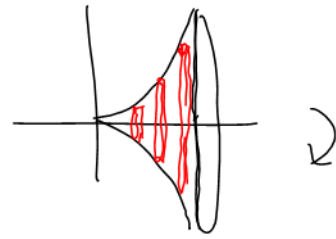
$$dV = \pi y^2 dx$$

About y-axis

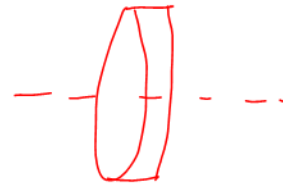
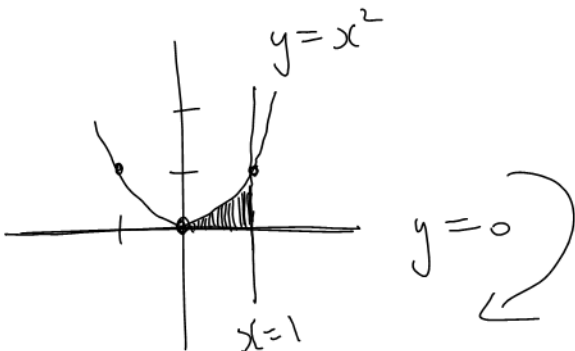


$$dV = \pi x^2 dy$$

$$V = \int dV$$



Ex: Revolve region bounded by $y=x^2$, $y=0$, $x=1$ about x-axis. Volume?



Solid disk (hockey puck)

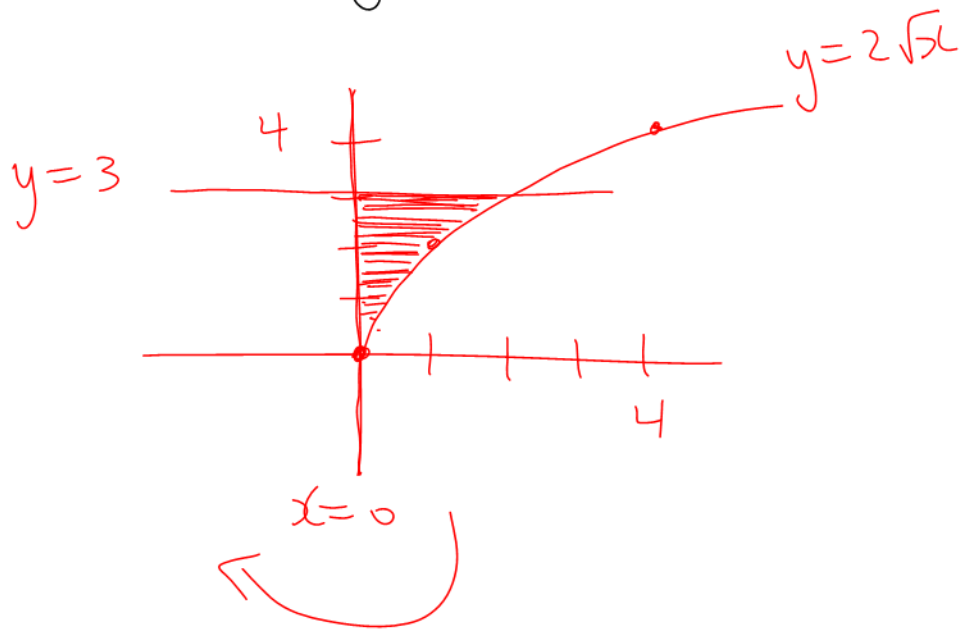
$$dV = \pi \cdot \text{radius}^2 \cdot \text{thickness}$$

$$= \pi y^2 dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \int dv \\
 &= \int \pi y^2 dx \\
 &= \pi \int_0^1 (x^2)^2 dx \\
 &= \pi \int_0^1 x^4 dx \\
 &= \pi \left[\frac{x^5}{5} \right]_0^1 \\
 &= \pi \left[\frac{1}{5} - 0 \right] \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex: Revolve region bounded by $y = 2\sqrt{x}$, $x=0$, $y=3$ about y -axis. Volume?

x	$y = 2\sqrt{x}$
0	0
1	2
4	4



solid disk

$$dv = \pi \cdot r^2 \cdot t$$

$$= \pi x^2 dy$$

$$V = \int dV$$

$$= \int \pi x^2 dy$$

$$= \pi \int_0^3 \left(\frac{y^2}{4}\right)^2 dy$$

$$= \pi \int_0^3 \frac{y^4}{16} dy$$

$$= \pi \left[\frac{y^5}{80} \right]_0^3$$

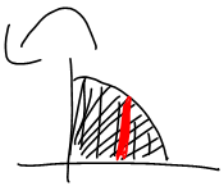
$$= \pi \left[\frac{243}{80} - 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{243\pi}{80}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2\sqrt{x} \\ \frac{y}{2} &= \sqrt{x} \\ \frac{y^2}{4} &= x \\ x &= \frac{y^2}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Shell Method

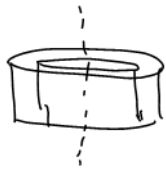
Take a slice parallel to axis of revolution.
Produces a hollow shell



(toilet paper roll)
hollow shell

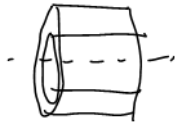
Volume of hollow shell $dV = 2\pi \cdot \text{radius} \cdot \text{height} \cdot \text{thickness}$

About y -axis



$$dV = 2\pi x y dx$$

About x -axis



$$dV = 2\pi y x dy$$