

(11) a)

Section 5.1

$$m x'' + \beta x' + k x = f(t)$$

$$\frac{19.6 \text{ N}}{9.8 \text{ N/kg}} = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$19.6 \text{ N} = k (0.098 \text{ m})$$
$$k = 200 \text{ N/m}$$

$$2x'' + 200x = 0$$

or $x'' + 100x = 0$

Initial Conditions

$$x(0) = -\frac{2}{3} \text{ m} \quad \uparrow \ominus$$
$$x'(0) = 5 \text{ m/s} \quad \downarrow \oplus$$

$$m^2 + 100 = 0$$

$$m^2 = -100$$

$$m = \pm \sqrt{-100}$$

$$m = \pm 10i \quad (\alpha=0, \beta=10)$$

$$x = e^{\alpha t} (C_1 \cos \beta t + C_2 \sin \beta t)$$

$$x = C_1 \cos 10t + C_2 \sin 10t$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{3} : \quad -\frac{2}{3} = C_1$$

$$t=0$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{3} \cos 10t + C_2 \sin 10t$$



$$x' = \frac{20}{3} \sin 10t + 10(20)10t$$

$$x' = 5$$

$$t=0 : S = 10(2)$$

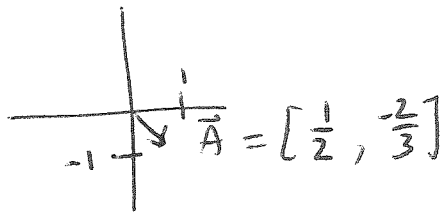
$$C_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{3} \cos 10t + \frac{1}{2} \sin 10t$$

b) Write x in the form $A \sin(10t + \phi)$

$$A \sin \phi = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$A \cos \phi = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$A = \sqrt{\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{25}{36}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{A \sin \phi}{A \cos \phi}\right) \quad (+\pi \text{ if } \vec{A} \text{ points left})$$

$$= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{1}}{\frac{1}{1}}\right)$$

$$\approx -0.927$$

$$x = \frac{5}{6} \sin(10t - 0.927)$$

→

$$\text{Amplitude} = A$$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Period} = \frac{2\pi}{(10)}$$

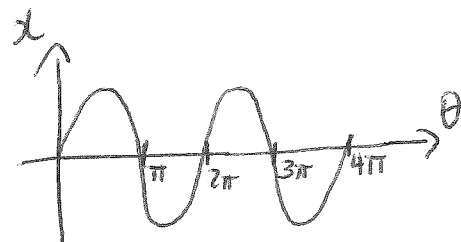
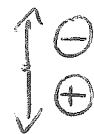
$$= \frac{\pi}{5}$$

c)

$$\frac{3\pi \text{ s}}{\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) \frac{\text{cycles}}{\text{s}}}$$

$$= 15 \text{ cycles}$$

d) Want $x = 0$, becoming positive



$$x = A \sin \theta$$

$$\theta = 0, 2\pi, 4\pi, \dots$$

$x = 0$, becoming positive \Rightarrow

We want $10t - 0.927 = 0, 2\pi, 4\pi$

1st time

$$10t - 0.927 = 0$$

$$t = 0.0927$$

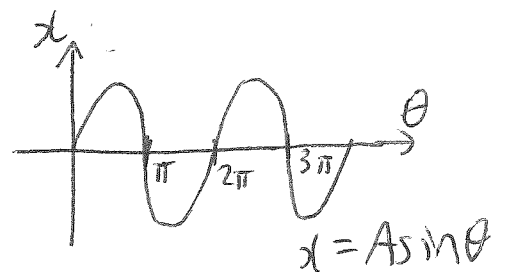
2nd time

$$10t - 0.927 = 2\pi$$

$$t = 0.721 \text{ s}$$

\rightarrow

e) Extreme displacements



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Extreme displacements} \Rightarrow \theta &= \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \dots \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi n \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2n\pi}{2} \\ &= \frac{\pi(2n+1)}{2} \\ &\checkmark n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{We want } \text{lot} - 0.927 = \frac{\pi(2n+1)}{2}$$

$$\text{lot} = \frac{\pi(2n+1)}{2} + 0.927$$

$$t = \frac{\pi(2n+1)}{20} + 0.0927$$

$$\checkmark n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{f) } x(3) &= -\frac{2}{3} \cos 30 + \frac{1}{2} \sin 30 \\ &\approx -0.597 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

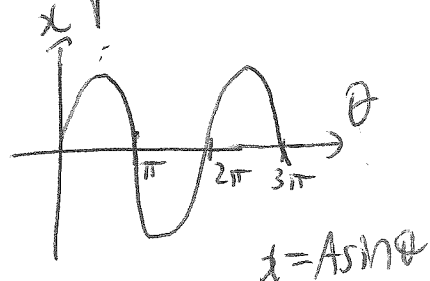
$$\begin{aligned} \text{g) velocity } x' &= \frac{20}{3} \sin \text{lot} + 5 \cos \text{lot} \\ x'(3) &= \frac{20}{3} \sin 30 + 5 \cos 30 \\ &\approx -5.816 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

→

h) acceleration $x'' = \frac{200}{3} \cos 10t - 50 \sin 10t$

$$x''(3) \approx 59.685 \text{ m/s}^2$$

i) times when mass passes through equilibrium



$$x = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = 0, \pi, 2\pi, \dots$$

$$\text{We want } 10t - 0.927 = n\pi$$

$$x = \frac{5}{6} \sin(10t - 0.927)$$

$$x' = \frac{50}{6} \cos(10t - 0.927)$$

$$x' = \frac{50}{6} \cos(n\pi)$$

$$= \pm \frac{50}{6}$$

$$= \pm \frac{25}{3} \text{ m/s}$$

j) When is $x = \frac{5}{12}$?

$$x = \frac{5}{6} \sin(10t - 0.927)$$

$$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{6} \sin(10t - 0.927)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \sin(10t - 0.927)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \theta &= \frac{1}{2} \\ \Rightarrow \theta &= \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi n \\ &\text{and } \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi n \end{aligned}$$

$$10t - 0.927 = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$$

$$\text{and } 10t - 0.927 = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$$

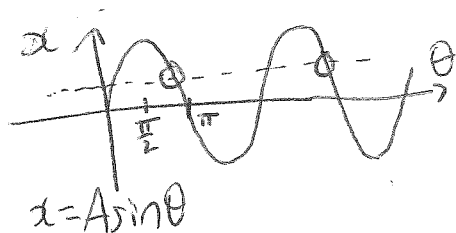
$$\Rightarrow t = 0.145 + \frac{n\pi}{5}$$

$$\text{and } 0.354 + \frac{n\pi}{5}$$

$$\text{for } n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

k) Same as j) but only heading upward
Want $x = \frac{5}{12}$, becoming negative

$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow \theta \\ \downarrow \theta \end{aligned}$$



$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 0.354 + \frac{n\pi}{5}$$

$$\text{for } n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

(21)

$$m x'' + \beta x' + kx = f(t)$$

$$\frac{1.225 \text{ N}}{9.8 \text{ N/kg}} = 0.125 \text{ kg}$$

$$2 \text{ N/m}$$

Initial Conditions

$$x(0) = -1 \text{ m}$$

$$x'(0) = 8 \text{ m/s}$$

↑ ⊖
↓ ⊕

$$0.125 x'' + x' + 2x = 0$$

$$x'' + 8x' + 16x = 0$$

$\times 8:$

$$m^2 + 8m + 16 = 0$$

$$(m+4)^2 = 0$$

$$m = -4, -4$$

$$x = (C_1 + C_2 t) e^{-4t}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$t = 0:$$

$$-1 = C_1$$

$$x = (-1 + C_2 t) e^{-4t}$$

$$x' = -4(-1 + C_2 t) e^{-4t} + C_2 e^{-4t}$$

$$x' = 8$$

$$t = 0$$

$$8 = 4 + C_2$$

$$C_2 = 4$$

$$x = (4t - 1) e^{-4t}$$

→

Time when $x = 0$:

$$0 = (4t - 1)e^{-4t}$$

$$0 = 4t - 1$$

$$t = \frac{1}{4} \text{ s}$$

Time when mass attains extreme displacement :

To maximize/minimize x we

set $x' = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= -4(4t - 1)e^{-4t} + 4e^{-4t} \\ &= (-16t + 8)e^{-4t} \end{aligned}$$

Set $x' = 0$:

$$0 = (-16t + 8)e^{-4t}$$

$$0 = -16t + 8$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2} \text{ s}$$

Position of mass at this instant :

$$x\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = e^{-4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

$$= e^{-2}$$

$$\approx 0.14 \text{ m}$$

(27)

$$m x'' + \beta x' + kx = f(t)$$

$$\frac{12.25 \text{ N}}{9.8 \text{ N/kg}} = 1.25 \text{ kg}$$

$$12.25 \text{ N} = k(2.45 \text{ m})$$
$$k = 5 \text{ N/m}$$

$$1.25 x'' + \beta x' + 5x = 0$$

x4: $5x'' + 4\beta x' + 20x = 0$

$$5m^2 + 4\beta m + 20 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$m = \frac{-4\beta \pm \sqrt{16\beta^2 - 400}}{10}$$

Overdamped \Rightarrow distinct real roots

$$\Rightarrow 16\beta^2 - 400 > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 16\beta^2 > 400$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta^2 > 25 \quad (\text{Recall } \beta > 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta > 5$$

\rightarrow

Critically damped \Rightarrow repeated real roots

$$\Rightarrow 16\beta^2 - 400 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta^2 = 25 \quad (\text{Recall } \beta \geq 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = 5$$

Underdamped \Rightarrow complex roots

$$\Rightarrow 16\beta^2 - 400 < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta^2 < 25 \quad (\text{Recall } \beta \geq 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 \leq \beta < 5$$

(29)

$$m x'' + \beta x' + k x = f(t)$$

\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \swarrow
 4.9 N $\frac{1}{2}$ $4.9 \text{ N} = k \left(\frac{49}{20} \text{ m} \right)$ $10 \cos 3t$
 9.8 N/kg $k = 6 \text{ N/m}$

$= 0.5 \text{ kg}$

Initial Conditions

$$x(0) = 2$$

$$x'(0) = 0$$

$\uparrow \ominus$
 $\downarrow \oplus$

$$0.5 x'' + 0.5 x' + 6x = 10 \cos 3t$$

$$x'' + x' + 12x = 20 \cos 3t$$

1) x_c

$$m^2 + m + 12 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 48}}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{47} i}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{-1}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{47} i}{2} \quad (\alpha = \frac{-1}{2}, \beta = \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2})$$

$$x_c = e^{\alpha t} (c_1 \cos \beta t + c_2 \sin \beta t)$$

$$= e^{-t/2} \left(c_1 \cos \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t + c_2 \sin \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t \right)$$

2) x_p

$$f(t) = 20 \cos 3t$$

$$f'(t) = -60 \sin 3t$$

⋮

$$x_p = A \cos 3t + B \sin 3t$$

3) $x_p \rightarrow DE$

$$x_p = A \cos 3t + B \sin 3t$$

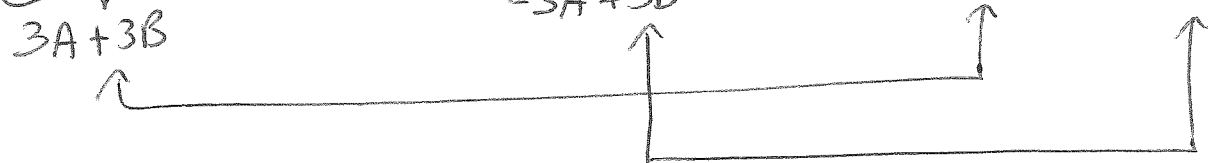
$$x_p' = -3A \sin 3t + 3B \cos 3t$$

$$x_p'' = -9A \cos 3t - 9B \sin 3t$$

$$DE: \quad x'' + x' + 12x = 20 \cos 3t$$

$$-9A \cos 3t - 9B \sin 3t + (-3A \sin 3t + 3B \cos 3t) + 12(A \cos 3t + B \sin 3t) = 20 \cos 3t$$

$$[-9A + 3B + 12A] \cos 3t + [-9B - 3A + 12B] \sin 3t = 20 \cos 3t + 0 \sin 3t$$



$$3A + 3B = 20 \quad (1)$$

$$-3A + 3B = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$6B = 20$$

$$B = \frac{10}{3} \rightarrow (2)$$

$$-3A + 10 = 0$$

$$A = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$x_p = \frac{10}{3} (\cos 3t + \sin 3t)$$

4)

$$x = e^{-t/2} \left(C_1 \cos \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t + C_2 \sin \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t \right) + \frac{10}{3} (\cos 3t + \sin 3t) \rightarrow$$

s) Initial Conditions

$$x=2 : 2 = 1 \left(C_1 \right) + \frac{10}{3} (1)$$

$$t=0$$

$$-\frac{4}{3} = C_1$$

$$x = e^{-t/2} \left(-\frac{4}{3} \cos \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t + C_2 \sin \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t \right) + \frac{10}{3} (\cos 3t + \sin 3t)$$

$$x' = e^{-t/2} \left(\frac{4}{3} \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} \sin \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t + \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} C_2 \cos \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} e^{-t/2} \left(-\frac{4}{3} \cos \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t + C_2 \sin \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t \right) + \frac{10}{3} (-3 \sin 3t + 3 \cos 3t)$$

$$x'=0 : 0 = 1 \left(\frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} C_2 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{4}{3} \right) + 10$$

$$t=0$$

$$-10 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} C_2$$

$$-\frac{32}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} C_2$$

$$-\frac{64}{3\sqrt{47}} = C_2$$

$$x = e^{-t/2} \left(-\frac{4}{3} \cos \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t - \frac{64}{3\sqrt{47}} \sin \frac{\sqrt{47}}{2} t \right) + \frac{10}{3} (\cos 3t + \sin 3t)$$