

Math 251 X02 Assignment Two

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Due: In class on Tuesday August 9**

Assignments must be completed on this paper. Marks may be deducted for not showing all your work.

1. [5 marks] a) Find the inverse of the matrix below using Gauss-Jordan Elimination.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 8 & -6 & -4 \\ -4 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Use part a) to solve the system below.

$$\begin{aligned}x + 2y + 5z &= 5 \\8x - 6y - 4z &= -70 \\-4x + 3y + z &= 33\end{aligned}$$

2. [3 marks] A square matrix  $A$  is called **skew symmetric** if  $A^T = -A$ . Show that if  $B$  is an  $n \times n$  matrix then  $C = B - B^T$  is skew symmetric.

3. [4 marks] Find the LU factorization of the matrix below.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -8 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 6 & 3 & 1 & 10 \\ 4 & -2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. [3 marks] Use Question 3 to solve the system below.

$$\begin{aligned}2x_1 + x_3 + x_4 &= 1 \\-8x_1 + x_2 + 3x_4 &= 19 \\6x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + 10x_4 &= 30 \\4x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3 &= -12\end{aligned}$$

5. [3 marks] Show that the set  $S$  of vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$  such that  $x = 4y$  and  $z = -7y$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

6. [4 marks] Find a basis for the row space of  $A$  consisting of rows of  $A$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 9 \\ -2 & -3 & 1 & 6 \\ -1 & 1 & -2 & 63 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

7. [3 marks] Let  $\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 13 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Find  $T(\mathbf{v})$  for the linear transformation  $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$  with:

$$T(\mathbf{v}_1) = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 30 \\ 24 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}, T(\mathbf{v}_2) = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \\ 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } T(\mathbf{v}_3) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$