

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2+x} - \sqrt{2}}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{2+x} - \sqrt{2})}{x} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2+x - 2}{x(\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{x(\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$(2) \quad a) \quad y = 2x^3 \csc x$$

$$y' = -2x^3 \csc x \cot x + 6x^2 \csc x$$

$$b) \quad y = \frac{2x^3}{\csc x}$$

$$y' = \frac{(\csc x)(6x^2) - 2x^3(-\csc x \cot x)}{\csc^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{6x^2 \csc x + 2x^3 \csc x \cot x}{\csc^2 x}$$

$$\text{or } y' = \frac{6x^2 + 2x^3 \cot x}{\csc x}$$

$$c) \quad y = 2[\csc x]^3$$

$$y' = 6[\csc x]^2(-\csc x \cot x)$$

$$= -6 \csc^3 x \cot x$$

$$d) \quad y = \csc(2x^3)$$

$$y' = -\csc(2x^3) \cot(2x^3) (6x^2)$$

$$= -6x^2 \csc(2x^3) \cot(2x^3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad a) \quad y &= \ln \left( \frac{\sqrt{5+x^2}}{x} \right) \\ &= \ln \sqrt{5+x^2} - \ln x \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln (5+x^2) - \ln x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{2x}{5+x^2} - \frac{1}{x} \\ &= \frac{x}{5+x^2} - \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$b) \quad y = e^{x^2+4x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (2x+4) e^{x^2+4x}$$

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$$y = 4x \arctan x - \ln(1+x^2)^2$$

$$= 4x \arctan x - 2 \ln(1+x^2)$$

$$y' = 4x \left( \frac{1}{1+x^2} \right) + 4 \arctan x - 2 \cdot \frac{2x}{1+x^2}$$

$$= 4 \arctan x$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad (x^2 + y^2)^2 = 2x^2y$$

$$2(x^2 + y^2) [2x + 2yy'] = 2x^2y' + 4xy$$

$$4x(x^2 + y^2) + 4y(x^2 + y^2)y' = 2x^2y' + 4xy$$

$$4y(x^2 + y^2)y' - 2x^2y' = 4xy - 4x(x^2 + y^2)$$

$$[4y(x^2 + y^2) - 2x^2]y' = 4xy - 4x(x^2 + y^2)$$

$$y' = \frac{4xy - 4x(x^2 + y^2)}{4y(x^2 + y^2) - 2x^2}$$

$$\text{or} \quad y' = \frac{2xy - 2x^3 - 2xy^2}{2x^2y + 2y^3 - x^2}$$

$$(6) \quad a) \quad \int_0^4 \frac{x}{(x^2+1)^3} dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = x^2 + 1$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\frac{du}{2} = x dx$$

$$x = 0 \Rightarrow u = 1$$

$$x = 4 \Rightarrow u = 17$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^{17} \frac{du}{u^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^{17} u^{-3} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\frac{1}{2} u^{-2} \right]_1^{17}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{289} - 1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{72}{289}$$

$$b) \quad \int \frac{x}{(x^2+1)^3} dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = x^2 + 1$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\frac{du}{2} = x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{u^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int u^{-3} du$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\frac{1}{2} u^{-2} \right] + C \\ &= -\frac{1}{4} (x^2+1)^{-2} + C \\ &= \frac{-1}{4(x^2+1)^2} + C \end{aligned}$$

(7)

$$\int \frac{7e^{4x}}{3+6e^{4x}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } u &= 3+6e^{4x} \\ du &= 24e^{4x} dx \\ \frac{du}{24} &= e^{4x} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{7}{24} \int \frac{du}{u} \\ &= \frac{7}{24} \ln |u| + C \\ &= \frac{7}{24} \ln |3+6e^{4x}| + C \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \int \frac{2x+5}{x^2+4x+13} dx$$

Complete the Square

$$\begin{aligned} x^2+4x+13 &= (x+2)^2 + ? \\ &= (x+2)^2 + 9 \\ &= (x+2)^2 + 3^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x+5 &= ?(x+2) + ? \\ &= 2(x+2) + ? \\ &= 2(x+2) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{2x+5}{x^2+4x+13} dx = \int \frac{2(x+2)+1}{(x+2)^2+3^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } u &= x+2 \\ du &= dx \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int \frac{2u+1}{u^2+3^2} du$$

$$= \int \frac{2u}{u^2+3^2} du + \int \frac{1}{u^2+3^2} du$$

$$= \ln|u^2+3^2| + \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \frac{u}{3} + C$$

$$= \ln|(x+2)^2+3^2| + \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x+2}{3} \right) + C$$

$$\text{or } \ln|x^2+4x+13| + \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x+2}{3} \right) + C$$



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$$\int e^{2x} \csc e^{2x} \cot e^{2x} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } u &= e^{2x} \\ du &= 2e^{2x} dx \\ \frac{du}{2} &= e^{2x} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \csc u \cot u du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \csc u + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \csc e^{2x} + C$$

$$(10) \int (t^2 + 4t^3) \sinh(t^3 + 3t^4) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } u &= t^3 + 3t^4 \\ du &= (3t^2 + 12t^3) dt \\ \frac{du}{3} &= (t^2 + 4t^3) dt \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int \sinh u \, du$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cosh u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cosh(t^3 + 3t^4) + C$$