

$$\textcircled{1} \quad v(0) = 30 \quad a = -110$$

$$v(t) = \int a(t) dt$$

$$v(t) = \int -110 dt$$

$$v(t) = -110t + C$$

$$v(0) = 30: \quad 30 = C$$

$$v(t) = -110t + 30$$

$$s(t) = \int v(t) dt$$

$$s(t) = \int (-110t + 30) dt$$

$$s(t) = -55t^2 + 30t + C_1$$

$$s(0) = 0$$

$$0 = C_1$$

Set initial displacement  
to zero

$$s(t) = -55t^2 + 30t$$

Stopping time: Set  $v = 0$

$$0 = -110t + 30$$

$$110t = 30$$

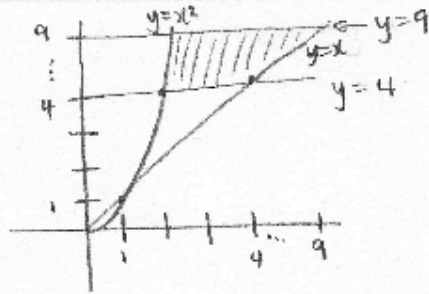
$$t = \frac{3}{11}$$

$$\swarrow$$
$$s(t) = -55t^2 + 30t$$

$$s\left(\frac{3}{11}\right) \approx 4.1 \text{ m}$$

Stopping distance is approx 4.1 m

(2)



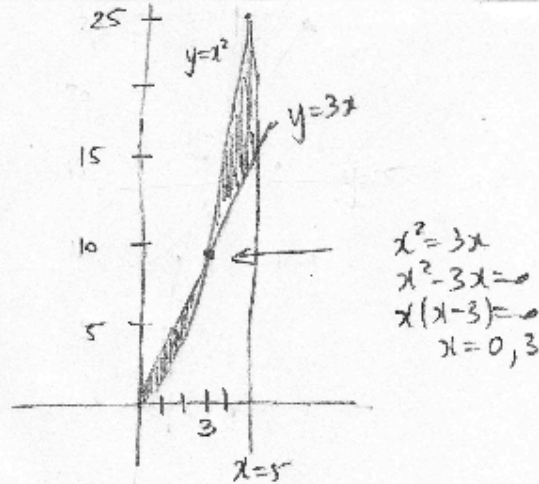
Horizontal  
rectangles

$$x_r: y = x \\ x_r = y \rightarrow$$

$$x_l: y = x^2 \\ x_l = \pm\sqrt{y} \rightarrow \\ x_l = \sqrt{y}$$

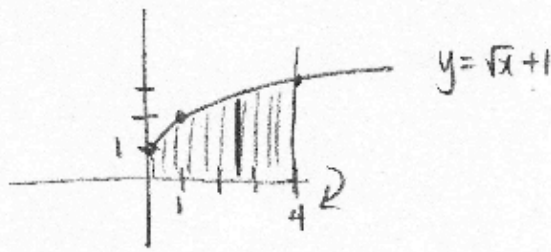
$$A = \int_4^9 (x_r - x_l) dy \\ = \int_4^9 (y - \sqrt{y}) dy \\ = \left[ \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{2}{3} y^{3/2} \right]_4^9 \\ = \left[ \frac{81}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 27 \right] - \left[ \frac{16}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 8 \right] \\ = \frac{119}{6}$$

(3)



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total Area} &= \int_0^3 (y_t - y_b) dx + \int_3^5 (y_t - y_b) dx \\ &= \int_0^3 (3x - x^2) dx + \int_3^5 (x^2 - 3x) dx \\ &= \left[ \frac{3}{2}x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^3 + \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{3}{2}x^2 \right]_3^5 \\ &= \left[ \frac{3}{2} \cdot 9 - \frac{27}{3} \right] - [0] + \left[ \frac{5^3}{3} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 25 \right] - \left[ \frac{3^3}{3} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 9 \right] \\ &= \frac{79}{6}\end{aligned}$$

④



Disk Method  $dV = \pi \cdot \text{radius}^2 \cdot \text{thickness}$

$$dV = \pi y^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^4 y^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^4 (\sqrt{x} + 1)^2 dx$$

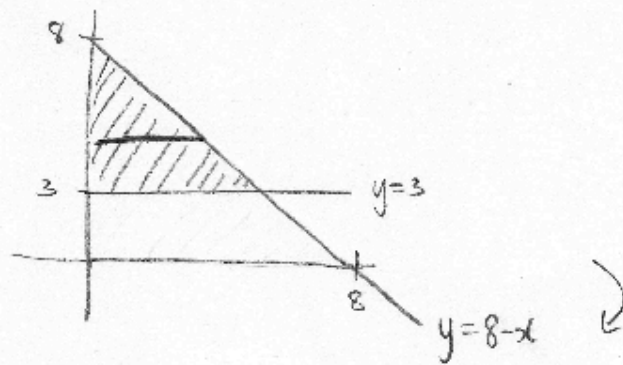
$$V = \pi \int_0^4 (x + 2\sqrt{x} + 1) dx$$

$$V = \pi \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{4}{3} x^{3/2} + x \right]_0^4$$

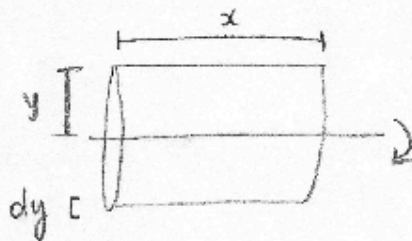
$$V = \pi \left[ \left( \frac{16}{2} + \frac{4}{3} \cdot 8 + 4 \right) - 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{68\pi}{3}$$

⑤



Shell Method  $dV = 2\pi \cdot \text{radius} \cdot \text{height} \cdot \text{thickness}$



$$= 2\pi y x dy$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_3^8 y x dy$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_3^8 y(8-y) dy$$

$$y = 8 - x \rightarrow$$

$$x = 8 - y$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_3^8 [8y - y^2] dy$$

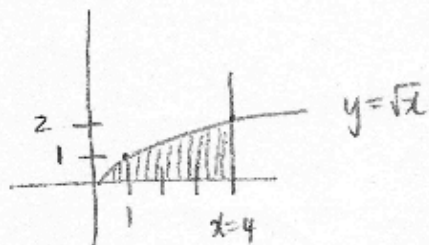
$$V = 2\pi \left[ 4y^2 - \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_3^8$$

$$V = 2\pi \left[ 4 \cdot 64 - \frac{512}{3} \right] - \left[ 4 \cdot 9 - \frac{27}{3} \right]$$

$$V = 2\pi \left[ \frac{135}{3} \right]$$

$$V = \frac{350\pi}{3}$$

⑥



$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int_0^4 x(y_t - y_b) dx}{\int_0^4 (y_t - y_b) dx}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \int_0^4 (y_t - y_b) dx \\ &= \int_0^4 \sqrt{x} dx \\ &= \left[ \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} \right]_0^4 \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \cdot 8 - 0 \\ &= \frac{16}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &= \frac{1}{A} \int_0^4 x(y_t - y_b) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{A} \int_0^4 x \sqrt{x} dx \quad \leftarrow y_t - y_b \\ &= \frac{1}{A} \int_0^4 x^{3/2} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{A} \left[ \frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} \right]_0^4 \\ &= \frac{3}{16} \left[ \frac{64}{5} \right] \\ &= \frac{12}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\int_0^2 y(x_r - x_l) dy}{\int_0^2 (x_r - x_l) dy}$$

We know  $A = \frac{16}{3}$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{A} \int_0^2 y(x_r - x_l) dy$$

$$x_r = 4$$

$$x_l: y = \sqrt{x}$$

$$y^2 = x$$

$$x_l = y^2$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{A} \int_0^2 y(4 - y^2) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{A} \int_0^2 (4y - y^3) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{A} \left[ 2y^2 - \frac{y^4}{4} \right]_0^2$$

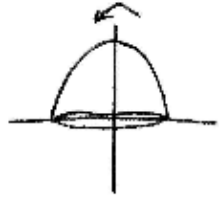
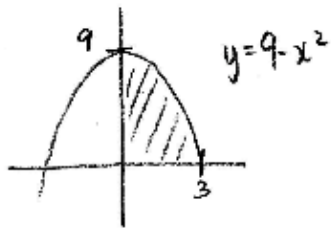
$$= \frac{3}{16} [4]$$

$$= \frac{12}{16}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

$$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = \left( \frac{12}{5}, \frac{3}{4} \right)$$

(7)



$\bar{x} = 0$  by symmetry

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\int_0^9 y x^2 dy}{\int_0^9 x^2 dy}$$

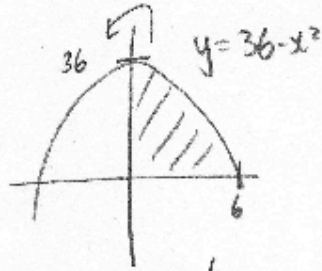
$$B = \int_0^9 x^2 dy$$

$$\begin{aligned} y = 9 - x^2 \\ x^2 = 9 - y \end{aligned} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} B &= \int_0^9 (9 - y) dy \\ &= \left[ 9y - \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_0^9 \\ &= \left[ 81 - \frac{81}{2} \right] - 0 \\ &= \frac{81}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{y} &= \frac{1}{B} \int_0^9 y x^2 dy \\ &\xrightarrow{x^2 = 9 - y} \\ \bar{y} &= \frac{1}{B} \int_0^9 y(9 - y) dy \\ &= \frac{1}{B} \int_0^9 (9y - y^2) dy \\ &= \frac{1}{B} \left[ 9 \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^9 \\ &= \frac{1}{B} \left[ \left[ 9 \cdot \frac{81}{2} - \frac{9^3}{3} \right] - 0 \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{81} \left[ \frac{243}{2} \right] \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = (0, 3)$$

⑧



$$\begin{aligned} I_y &= 2\pi k \int_0^6 x^3 (y_t - y_b) dx \\ &= 2\pi k \int_0^6 x^3 (36 - x^2 - 0) dx \\ &= 2\pi k \int_0^6 (36x^3 - x^5) dx \\ &= 2\pi k \left[ 9x^4 - \frac{x^6}{6} \right]_0^6 \\ &= 2\pi k \left[ (9 \cdot 6^4 - \frac{6^6}{6}) - 0 \right] \\ &= 2\pi k [3888] \\ &= 7776\pi k \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Now } R_y = \sqrt{\frac{I_y}{m}}$$

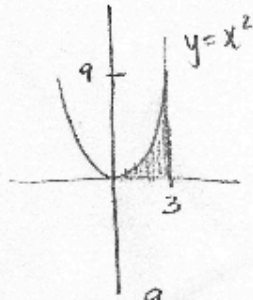
$$\begin{aligned} m &= k \cdot \text{volume} \\ &= k \cdot 2\pi \int_0^6 x y dx \\ &\quad \text{[Shell Method]} \\ &= 2\pi k \int_0^6 x (36 - x^2) dx \\ &= 2\pi k \int_0^6 (36x - x^3) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= 2\pi k \left[ 18x^2 - \frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^6 \\ &= 2\pi k \left[ (18 \cdot 36 - \frac{6^4}{4}) - 0 \right] \\ &= 648\pi k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{I_y}{m} &= \frac{7776\pi k}{648\pi k} \\ &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_y &= \sqrt{12} \\ &= 2\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

(9)



$$I_x = k \int_0^9 y^2 (x_1 - x_2) dy$$

$$x_1 = 3$$

$$x_2: y = x^2$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{y}$$

$$x_2 = \sqrt{y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_x &= k \int_0^9 y^2 (3 - \sqrt{y}) dy \\ &= k \int_0^9 (3y^2 - y^{5/2}) dy \\ &= k \left[ y^3 - \frac{2}{7} y^{7/2} \right]_0^9 \\ &= k \left[ (9^3 - \frac{2}{7} \cdot 9^{7/2}) - 0 \right] \\ &= k \left[ \frac{729}{7} \right] \\ &= \frac{729k}{7} \end{aligned}$$

$$R_x = \sqrt{\frac{I_x}{m}}$$

$$m = k \cdot \text{area}$$

$$= k \int_0^9 (3 - \sqrt{y}) dy$$

$$= k \left[ 3y - \frac{2}{3} y^{3/2} \right]_0^9$$

$$= k \left[ (27 - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 9^{3/2}) - 0 \right]$$

$$= 9k$$

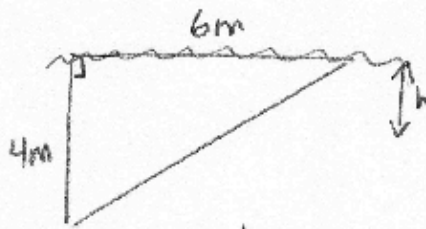
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{I_x}{m} &= \frac{729k}{7} \cdot \frac{1}{9k} \\ &= \frac{81}{7} \end{aligned}$$

$$R_x = \sqrt{\frac{81}{7}}$$

$$= \frac{9}{\sqrt{7}}$$

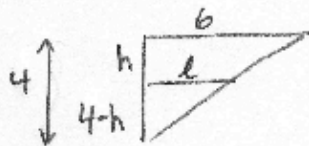
$$= \frac{9\sqrt{7}}{7}$$

10



$$F = 9800 \int_a^b h l dh$$

$$0 \leq h \leq 4$$



Similar triangles  $\frac{6}{4} = \frac{l}{4-h}$

$$l = \frac{6}{4}(4-h)$$

$$l = \frac{3}{2}(4-h)$$

$$F = 9800 \int_0^4 h \cdot \frac{3}{2}(4-h) dh$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \int_0^4 (4h - h^2) dh$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \left[ 2h^2 - \frac{h^3}{3} \right]_0^4$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \left[ \left[ 2 \cdot 4^2 - \frac{4^3}{3} \right] - 0 \right]$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \left[ \frac{32}{3} \right]$$

$$= 156,800 \text{ N} \quad \text{or} \quad 156,800 \text{ N/m}^2$$

⑪

a)  $F(x) = kx$

$$5 = k \cdot 0.04$$

$$k = \frac{5}{0.04}$$

$$k = 125$$

$$x = 0.14 - 0.1 = 0.04 \text{ m}$$

is the amount stretched

b) Using  $F(x) = 125x$ ,

$x = \text{amount stretched}$

$$0 \leq x \leq 0.12$$

$$W = \int_0^{0.12} F(x) dx$$

$$W = \int_0^{0.12} 125x dx$$

$$W = 125 \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^{0.12}$$

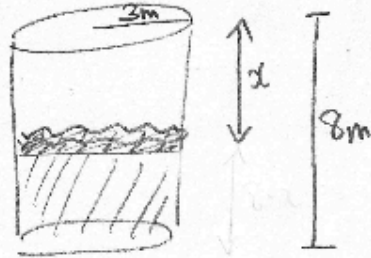
$$W = 125 \left[ \frac{0.0144}{2} - 0 \right]$$

$$= 0.9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$= \text{or } 0.9 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{or } 0.9 \text{ J}$$

(12)



$4 \leq x \leq 8$  Tank initially half-full



A slice of water weighs  $9800 \cdot \pi \cdot 3^2 dx$   
Has to be moved  $x$  m

$$W = \int_4^8 9800 \pi \cdot 3^2 x dx$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \pi \cdot 9 \int_4^8 x dx$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \pi \cdot 9 \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_4^8$$

$$= 9800 \cdot \pi \cdot 9 \left[ \frac{64}{2} - \frac{16}{2} \right]$$

$$\approx 6.7 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$$