

$$1. a) \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 24}{x^2 + 11x + 30}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} \frac{(x+6)(x-4)}{(x+6)(x+5)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} \frac{x-4}{x+5}$$

$$= \frac{-10}{-1}$$

$$= 10$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 2}{1 + x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{3x^2}{x^2} - \frac{2}{x^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{x^2}{x^2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 - \frac{2}{x^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{3-0}{0+1}$$

$$= 3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2. \quad f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ 2(x+h) + \frac{3}{x+h-1} - \left( 2x + \frac{3}{x-1} \right) \right] \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ 2x + 2h + \frac{3}{x+h-1} - 2x - \frac{3}{x-1} \right] \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ 2h + \frac{3}{x+h-1} - \frac{3}{x-1} \right] \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ 2h + \frac{3(x-1) - 3(x+h-1)}{(x+h-1)(x-1)} \right] \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ 2h + \frac{3x-3-3x-3h+3}{(x+h-1)(x-1)} \right] \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left[ 2h - \frac{3h}{(x+h-1)(x-1)} \right] \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[ 2 - \frac{3}{(x+h-1)(x-1)} \right] \\
&= 2 - \frac{3}{(x-1)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$3. f'(x) = 6x^5 - 9x^2 + 10x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(-2) &= 6(-2)^5 - 9(-2)^2 + 10(-2) \\ &= 6(-32) - 9(4) - 20 \\ &= -248 \end{aligned}$$

$$4. s(t) = (t^3 + 2t + 2)(5t^2 + 6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} s'(t) &= (t^3 + 2t + 2)(10t) + (5t^2 + 6)(3t^2 + 2) \\ &\quad \text{by Product Rule} \\ &= 10t^4 + 20t^2 + 20t + (15t^4 + 10t^2 + 18t^2 + 12) \\ &= 25t^4 + 48t^2 + 20t + 12 \quad \text{m/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{or } v(t) = 25t^4 + 48t^2 + 20t + 12 \quad \text{m/s}$$

$$5. \quad f'(x) = a(8x^3 + 21bx^2 + c)$$

$$f''(x) = a(24x^2 + 42bx)$$

$$\text{Set } f''(x) = 0$$

$$a(24x^2 + 42bx) = 0$$

$$6ax(4x + 7b) = 0$$

↓

$$6ax = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

↓

$$4x + 7b = 0$$

$$4x = -7b$$

$$x = -\frac{7b}{4}$$

$$x = 0, -\frac{7b}{4}$$

$$6. \quad f(x) = \underline{x^5(x+3)}(x^3+2)$$

$$f(x) = (x^6 + 3x^5)(x^3+2)$$

$$f'(x) = (x^6 + 3x^5)(3x^2) + (x^3+2)(6x^5 + 15x^4)$$

by Product Rule

$$= (3x^8 + 9x^7) + (6x^8 + 15x^7 + 12x^5 + 30x^4)$$

$$= 9x^8 + 24x^7 + 12x^5 + 30x^4$$

$$7. \quad y = \frac{x^2 - 21}{x + 5}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x+5)(2x) - (x^2-21)(1)}{(x+5)^2} \quad \text{by Quotient Rule}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 + 10x - x^2 + 21}{(x+5)^2}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + 10x + 21}{(x+5)^2}$$

$$b) \quad \text{Set } \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 10x + 21}{(x+5)^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{(x+3)(x+7)}{(x+5)^2} = 0$$

$$(x+3)(x+7) = 0$$

$$x = -3, -7$$

c) When  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is defined  
For all real numbers  $x \neq -5$

$$8. \quad f'(x) = -2[(2x+1)^4 + 6x]^{-3} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}[(2x+1)^4 + 6x]$$

$$= -2[(2x+1)^4 + 6x]^{-3} \cdot [4(2x+1)^3(2) + 6]$$

$$f'(-1) = -2[(-1)^4 - 6]^{-3} [4(-1)^3(2) + 6]$$

$$= -2[-5]^{-3} (-8 + 6)$$

$$= \frac{4}{(-5)^3}$$

$$= \frac{4}{-125}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{125}$$

$$9. \quad x^3 - 5\sqrt{x} - 50 = 0$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 5x^{1/2} - 50$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x^{-1/2}$$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_0 = 4$$

$$= 4 - \frac{f(4)}{f'(4)}$$

$$= 4 - \frac{[4^3 - 5\sqrt{4} - 50]}{[3(4)^2 - \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}}]}$$

$$\approx 3.91$$

$$10. \quad x^4 + y^3 - 6(x^2+3)y = 11x$$

$$x^4 + y^3 + [-6(x^2+3)]y = 11x$$

Take  $\frac{d}{dx}$  of both sides:

$$4x^3 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + [-6(x^2+3)] \frac{dy}{dx} + y[-6(2x)] = 11$$

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 6(x^2+3) \frac{dy}{dx} = 11 - 4x^3 + 12xy$$

$$[3y^2 - 6x^2 - 18] \frac{dy}{dx} = 11 - 4x^3 + 12xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{11 - 4x^3 + 12xy}{3y^2 - 6x^2 - 18}$$

11.

$$f(x) = (7x^4 + 1)^{1/2} (5 - 3x)$$

$$f'(x) = (7x^4 + 1)^{1/2} (-3) + (5 - 3x) \cdot \frac{1}{2} (7x^4 + 1)^{-1/2} (28x^3)$$

$$= -3\sqrt{7x^4 + 1} + \frac{(5 - 3x)(28x^3)}{2\sqrt{7x^4 + 1}}$$

$$= \frac{-3(7x^4 + 1)}{\sqrt{7x^4 + 1}} + \frac{(5 - 3x)(14x^3)}{\sqrt{7x^4 + 1}}$$

$$= \frac{-21x^4 - 3 + 70x^3 - 42x^4}{\sqrt{7x^4 + 1}}$$

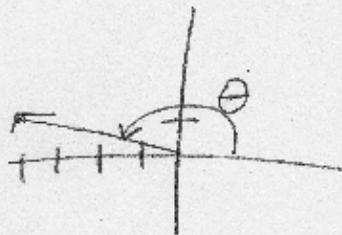
$$= \frac{-63x^4 + 70x^3 - 3}{\sqrt{7x^4 + 1}}$$

$$12. \quad x = t^3 - 4t^2 \quad y = 1 + \frac{t^2}{4}$$

$$v_x = 3t^2 - 8t \quad v_y = \frac{t}{2}$$

$$\text{@ } t = 2 :$$

$$v_x = -4 \quad v_y = 1$$



$$v = \sqrt{(-4)^2 + 1^2} \\ \approx 4.1 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{v_y}{v_x}\right) \approx -14.0^\circ$$

$$\text{From diagram } \theta \approx -14.0^\circ + 180^\circ \\ \approx 166.0^\circ$$

$$\boxed{v = 4.1 \text{ m/s at } 166.0^\circ}$$