

1. Simplify each expression and write your answers with positive exponents. Do not convert your answer to radical form. Assume all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & (-32)^{-\frac{3}{5}} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{-32}\right)^{\frac{3}{5}} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{-2}\right)^3 \\ &= -\frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \frac{a^{\frac{1}{2}} b^2}{(a^{\frac{1}{2}} b^{-\frac{3}{2}})^2} \\ &= \frac{a^{\frac{1}{2}} b^2}{a b^{-3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^5}{a^{1/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= a^{-1/2} b^5 \\ &= \frac{b^5}{a^{1/2}} \end{aligned}$$

2. Rationalize the denominators and leave any irrational expressions in simplified radical form. Assume all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & \frac{7}{\sqrt{20}} \\ &= \frac{7}{2\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} \\ &= \frac{7\sqrt{5}}{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{7\sqrt{5}}{10}$$

$$\text{b) } \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{3x^2y}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{45xy^2}}{3xy}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\sqrt[3]{5}}{\sqrt[3]{3x^2y}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{9xy^2}}{\sqrt[3]{9xy^2}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt[3]{45xy^2}}{\sqrt[3]{27x^3y^3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[3]{45xy^2}}{3xy}$$

3. Rewrite $\sqrt{1200m^9n^{25}}$, leaving it in simplified radical form. Assume all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{1200m^9n^{25}} &= \sqrt{400m^8n^{24}} \sqrt{3mn} \\ &= 20m^4n^{12} \sqrt{3mn}\end{aligned}$$

$$20m^4n^{12} \sqrt{3mn}$$

4. Perform the following operations and leave any irrational expressions in simplified radical form. Assume all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{a) } &\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{27} + \sqrt{48} \\ &= 2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} \\ &= 3\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{3\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{b) } &\sqrt[4]{162r^9t^{10}} \div \sqrt[4]{2r^5t^3} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt[4]{162r^9t^{10}}}{\sqrt[4]{2r^5t^3}} \\ &= \sqrt[4]{\frac{162r^9t^{10}}{2r^5t^3}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \sqrt[4]{81r^4t^7} \\ &= \sqrt[4]{81r^4t^4} \sqrt[4]{t^3} \\ &= 3rt \cdot \sqrt[4]{t^3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{3rt \cdot \sqrt[4]{t^3}}$$

$$\text{c) } \sqrt[3]{81d^7} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3d^{10}}}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \sqrt[3]{27d^6} \sqrt[3]{3d} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{d^9} \sqrt[3]{3d}}{d} \\ &= 3d^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3d} - \frac{d^3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3d}}{d} \\ &= 3d^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3d} - d^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3d} \\ &= 2d^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3d}\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{2d^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3d}}$$

$$d) (2\sqrt{5}+3)^2 - (2\sqrt{5}-3)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (4(5) + 12\sqrt{5} + 9) - (4(5) - 12\sqrt{5} + 9) \\ &= 20 + 12\sqrt{5} + 9 - 20 + 12\sqrt{5} - 9 \\ &= 24\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{24\sqrt{5}}$$

$$e) \frac{(3\sqrt{y})}{(1-2\sqrt{y})} \cdot \frac{(1+2\sqrt{y})}{(1+2\sqrt{y})}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{3\sqrt{y} + 6(y)}{1-4(y)} \\ &= \frac{3\sqrt{y} + 6y}{1-4y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\frac{3\sqrt{y} + 6y}{1-4y}}$$

$$f) (x^2\sqrt[3]{x^4})^{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x^{24} (x^{4/3})^{12} \\ &= x^{24} \cdot x^{16} \\ &= x^{40} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{x^{40}}$$

5. Find all real solutions to each equation.

a) $(2-b)^2 = 8$

$$2-b = \pm \sqrt{8}$$

$$2-b = \pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$2-b = 2\sqrt{2} \quad 2-b = -2\sqrt{2}$$

$$2-2\sqrt{2} = b \quad 2+2\sqrt{2} = b$$

$$\{2-2\sqrt{2}, 2+2\sqrt{2}\}$$

b) $\sqrt[5]{5-3x} = 2$

$$5-3x = 2^5$$

$$5-3x = 32$$

$$-27 = 3x$$

$$-9 = x$$

$$\{-9\}$$

c) $\sqrt{x+10} - \sqrt{3-x} = 1$

$$\sqrt{x+10} = 1 + \sqrt{3-x}$$

SBS: $x+10 = (1 + \sqrt{3-x})^2$

$$x+10 = 1 + 2\sqrt{3-x} + 3-x$$

$$2x+6 = 2\sqrt{3-x}$$

$$x+3 = \sqrt{3-x}$$

SBS: $x^2+6x+9 = 3-x$

$$x^2+7x+6 = 0$$

$$(x+6)(x+1) = 0$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$x+6=0$$

$$x=-6$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$x=-1$$

Check $x=-6$ ✗
 $x=-1$ ✓

$x=-6$ is
 extraneous

$$\{-1\}$$

6. Simplify the following expressions and write your answer in the form $a+bi$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & (-5+3i) - (-4-2i) && \underline{-1+5i} \\ & = -5+3i+4+2i \\ & = -1+5i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \frac{-5+i}{4+2i} \cdot \frac{4-2i}{4-2i} && \underline{\frac{-9}{10} + \frac{7}{10}i} \\ & = \frac{-20+10i+4i+2}{16+4} && = \frac{-18}{20} + \frac{14}{20}i \\ & = \frac{-18+14i}{20} && = \frac{-9}{10} + \frac{7}{10}i \end{aligned}$$

7. Find the imaginary solutions to the following equations.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & 3a^2+75=0 && \underline{\{\pm 5i\}} \\ & 3a^2 = -75 \\ & a^2 = -25 \\ & a = \pm\sqrt{-25} && \rightarrow a = \pm 5i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & 2a^2+75=0 && \underline{\left\{ \frac{\pm 5i\sqrt{6}}{2} \right\}} \\ & 2a^2 = -75 \\ & a^2 = \frac{-75}{2} \\ & a = \pm\sqrt{\frac{-75}{2}} && \rightarrow a = \pm\sqrt{-25} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ & && a = \pm 5i \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ & && a = \frac{\pm 5i\sqrt{6}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

8. Write $\sqrt[3]{2m} \times \sqrt[3]{3m}$ as a single radical. Leave your answer in radical form.

$$\begin{aligned} & = (2m)^{1/3} (3m)^{1/3} && \underline{12\sqrt[4]{432m^7}} \\ & = (2m)^{4/12} (3m)^{3/12} \\ & = (16m^4)^{1/12} (27m^3)^{1/12} \\ & = \sqrt[12]{16m^4} \cdot \sqrt[12]{27m^3} \\ & = \sqrt[12]{432m^7} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ x 16 \\ \hline 162 \\ 27 \\ \hline 432 \end{array}$$