Name:

Given: $a_n = a_m + (n - m)d$.

An arithmetic sequence has $a_{15} = 72$ and $a_{21} = 108$. Find d and a_1 .

$$a_{n} = a_{m} + (n-m)d$$

$$m = 15 : \quad a_{21} = a_{15} + 6d$$

$$log = 32 + 6d$$

$$3b = 6d$$

$$6 = d$$

$$a_{0} = a_{m} + (n-m)d$$

$$m = 1 : \quad a_{21} = a_{1} + 2od$$

$$m = 1 : \quad a_{8} = a_{1} + 120$$

$$-12 = a_{1}$$