

1. [2 marks] A company van is valued at  $y = 52,500 - 1620x$ , where  $y$  is in dollars and  $x$  is the number of years after 2015.

a) What was the value in the year 2021?

$$x = 2021 - 2015 \\ = 6$$

$$x = 6 \rightarrow y = 52500 - 1620x \\ y = 52500 - 1620(6) \\ y = 42780$$

$$\boxed{\$42,780}$$

b) In which year will the value be \$8,760?

$$y = 8760 \rightarrow y = 52500 - 1620x \\ 8760 = 52500 - 1620x \\ -43740 = -1620x$$

$$\frac{-43740}{-1620} = x \\ x = 27$$

$$\text{Year} = 2015 + 27 = 2042$$

2. [2 marks] Events E and F are independent.  
Calculate  $Pr(E)$  in each situation.

a)  $Pr(E|F) = 0.42$  and  $Pr(F) = 0.6$

$$Pr(E) = Pr(E|F) = 0.42$$

b)  $Pr(E \cap F) = 0.42$  and  $Pr(F) = 0.6$

$$Pr(E \cap F) = Pr(E) Pr(F) \\ 0.42 = Pr(E)(0.6)$$

$$\frac{0.42}{0.6} = Pr(E)$$

$$Pr(E) = 0.7$$

3. [4 marks] A passcode consists of 5 digits, each chosen from 1 through 9. Find the probability that a passcode:

a) has no repeated digits

$$n(S) = 9 \times 9 \times 9 \times 9 \times 9 = 9^5$$

$$n(E) = P(9, 5)$$

$$Pr(E) = \frac{P(9, 5)}{9^5} \approx 0.26$$

b) does have repeated digits

$$\approx 1 - 0.26$$

$$\approx 0.74$$

c) is a palindrome (reads the same forwards as backwards)

$$n(E) = 9 \times 9 \times 9 \times 1 \times 1 = 9^3$$

← forced    forced

$$Pr(E) = \frac{9^3}{9^5} \approx 0.01$$

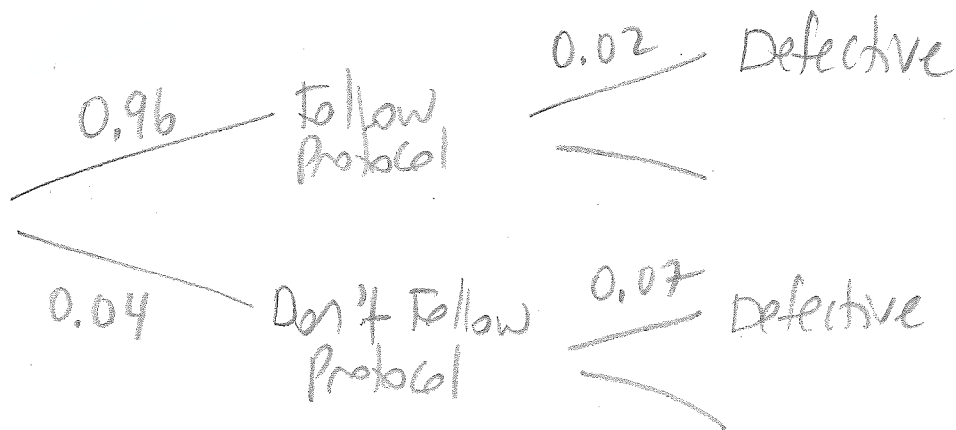
4. [2 marks] At a certain company: 35% of employees work in accounting, 21% of employees are runners, and 14% of employees work in accounting and are runners. Find the probability that an employee who works in accounting is a runner.

$$\begin{aligned} & Pr(\text{runner} | \text{accounting}) \\ &= \frac{Pr(\text{runner and accounting})}{Pr(\text{accounting})} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{0.14}{0.35}$$

$$= 0.4$$

5. [4 marks] Employees at a manufacturing company follow protocol 96% of the time. When protocol is followed, 2% of items are defective. When protocol is not followed, 7% of items are defective. What is the probability that protocol was followed, given that an item is defective?



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \Pr(\text{Follow Protocol} \mid \text{Defective}) \\
 &= \frac{\Pr(\text{Follow Protocol and Defective})}{\Pr(\text{Defective})} \\
 &= \frac{0.96(0.02)}{[0.96(0.02) + 0.04(0.07)]} \\
 &\approx 0.87
 \end{aligned}$$

6. [3 marks] A box contains five \$10 bills and three \$20 bills. You pay \$6 and randomly draw a bill from the box. Let  $X$  be your net winnings (in dollars).

a) Find the probability distribution of  $X$ .

$X = \text{amount won} - \text{cost}$

	$X$	$P(X)$
get a \$10 bill $\rightarrow$	4	$\frac{5}{8}$
get a \$20 bill $\rightarrow$	14	$\frac{3}{8}$

b) Find the expected value of  $X$ .

$$E(X) = 4\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) + 14\left(\frac{3}{8}\right) = 7.75$$

$$\text{or } \mu = 7.75$$

You expect net winnings of \$7.75, on average.

7. [3 marks] A multiple-choice test has six questions, with four possible answers for each question. A student guesses randomly on each question. Find the probability that the student gets at least two questions right.

Binomial Experiment

$$n=6$$

$$p = P(\text{guess correctly on one question}) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$q = 1 - p = \frac{3}{4}$$

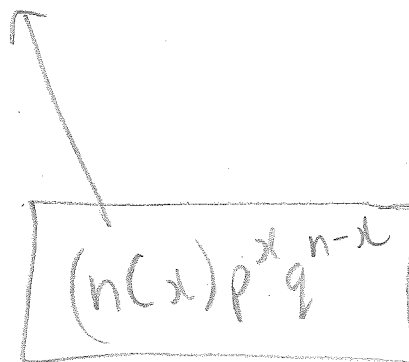
$x$  = # of questions student gets correct

$$P(x \geq 2) = P(x=2) + P(x=3) + \dots + P(x=6)$$

$$= 1 - P(x=0) - P(x=1)$$

$$= 1 - 6C0 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^0 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^6 - 6C1 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^1 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^5$$

$$\approx 0.47$$


$$(nCx)p^x q^{n-x}$$